well and Walter Scott. Petitions ordered to be received.

COMMONS-Budget speech of Mr. Cartwright-Revenue, \$22,587,000; expenditure, \$24,488,000; deficit, \$1,901,000, due to extraordinary and abnormal expenditures not likely to recur again. Reductions in expenditure in the year made of \$800,000; receipts from Excise increased; Customs fallen off \$2,500,000; Bank circulation increased in ten years 100 per cent; deposits 130 per cent; shipping 65 per cent; exports 45 per cent; Estimates \$23,167,000, on our person of \$23,000 circles. augmentation of \$136.000, of which, 000 for Indians. Mr. Cartwright went \$86,000 for Indians. at some length into details of the loan he had lately negotiated in England; thought with the arrangements made, the ordinary expenditure would never very much exceed twenty-three millions. He proposed aboli hing excise duty on coal oil and reducing the duty on imported oil from 15 to 6 cents & gallon; to put a tax of 1 cent. & to on malt, and three cents & gallon on beer; to change the duty on the standard from 10 to 15 to 1 cent.; to put a specific duty of 50 cents \$\psi\$ b., and \$ad valorem of 20 \$\psi\$ cent on cigars, and of 25 \$\psi\$ cent. ad valorem on perfumery, and to make some other changes, increasing the revenue altogether by 4 or \$500,000.
Dr Tupper followed, criticising the policy of the Government. Mr. Mackenzie followed, defending the Government from the attacks of Dr. Tupper, and was followed by Sir John Macdonald, condemning the tone of the Premier's remarks. The resolutions were introduced, and House rose at 1 o'clock

21st—Senate—Divorce case of Mary Jane Bates received on division. Bill in Scott Divorce case introduced and read

first time.

Commons-The subject of the Fort Francis Locks was brought up by Mr Kirkpatrick. Mr. Brouse moved for for Select Committee on Vital Statistics Mr. Mackenzie thought this a subject belonging to Local Legislatures, but agreed to the committee.

22nd-SENATE-Bills in Bates and Holiwell Divorce cases, after a division, read first time. Papers relating to G. T. Rail-

way Strike moved for.

COMMONS-2nd reading of Mr. Irving's Procedure in Criminal Cases Bill. Bill sent to committee. Adjourned debate on

dismissals from office.

23rd-SENATE -Address for papers relating to Direct and Anglo American Cables Cos., and for correspondance relating to appointment of additional Senators agreed to. Debate on G. T. Railway strike resumed.

Commons-Committee of Supply. Items for Privy Council and Department of Justice passed after some explanations by Mr. Blake. The votes for the other Departments were also passed after the Finance Minister explained that increase was principally statutory. A large number of minor items also passed.

26th-Senate-Addresses for papers, re-

ports, &c.

COMMONS -Ontario Maritime Court Bill under discusion. Maritime Province Members suggested making the Bill general for the Provinces as the Courts were very cumbersome and expensive. Second reading of Mr. Barthe's Bill for repealing Insolvent Act. Mr. Wood moved four months' hoist. After debate House rose at 11. No division.

27th-SENATE-resumed the debate on the G. T. Railway Strike.

COMMONS--Second reading Geological Survey Bill, to make the survey a permanent branch of Dept. of Interior and to remove museum from Montreal to Ottawa. Montreal members opposed the removal. House in Committee of Supply. On the vote for the Parliamentary Library, con-siderable discussion took place. Mr. Mackenzie said it was not until the interior of the Library was nearly completed that the Librarian had informed him that the building would hold only 80,0 0 volumes. The side rooms, intended for reading rooms, had to be utilized for storage. It was impossible to extend the building without ruining its design, and he was sure no one would be willing to injure the most beautiful edifice in North America.

28th-Senate-A despatch from Lord Caernaryon relative to the Canada Pacific Railway was presented by Hon. Mr. Scott

and read COMMONS-Toronto Prison Discipline Bill and Prevention of Gambling Bill introduced by Mr. Blake. A debate took place upon a motion for papers respecting the Georgian Bay Branch of the Pacific Railway. After recess the Insolvent Act Repeal Bill was again under discussion, and Mr. Woods motion (4 mos. hoist) in amendment was finally agreed to by a vote of 103 to 41.

March 1st-SENATE-After routine business, an adjournment was carried until the 18th.

COMMONS-A motion of Mr. Masson for correspondence respecting the appointment of Senators, and a motion for the appointment of a Committee to consider the question of the Coal Interests.

March 2nd -SENATE-An address for Returns of all persons employed in the Civil Service since 1867 and their salaries

was agreed to.

COMMONS - Debate on Coal Interests con-On the question of concurrence tinued. in Resolution 1, from Committee of Ways and Means, Sir John Macdonald moved an amendment to the effect that the taxation was increased without any compensation to Canadian industries, and that the tariff should be adjusted so as to benefit the agricultural, mining and manufactur-ing interests of the Dominion. Mr. Mac-kenzie followed, saying that this time of depression was not a proper time for the reconstruction of the tariff; that protec-tion belonged to the policy of the dark ages and free trade to the advance of human freedom. Mr Rochester objected to the increased tax on malt. Debate, which lasted all the evening, was adjourned.

March 5th-No session of SENATE. COMMONS-Mr. Charlton moved reference of expenditure of Secret Service Fund to Public Accounts Committee. A. Macdonald thought it the duty of the Government to resist the motion. Mr. Mackenzie could see no grounds for doing and the motion was carried. Robinson moved for return of instructions to Commissioners to investigate affairs of Northern Railway. Mr. Young made a motion, in amendment, appointing a committee to inquire into and report upon the allegations contained in the neport of